SPECIAL RELEASE

2020 WOMEN AND MEN IN THE CITY OF MANILA

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EXPLANATORY NOTE

The data presented in this publication are based on the results of the 2020 Census of Population and Housing (CPH) by Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA). The population count is declared official for all purposes by the President of the Philippines, pursuant to Proclamation No. 1179 dated 06 July 2021. The total population represents the total number of persons living as of 12:01 AM on 01 May 2020 in the country. It also includes Filipinos in Philippine embassies, consulates, and missions abroad.

Women outnumbered the household population of men by 1.3 percent

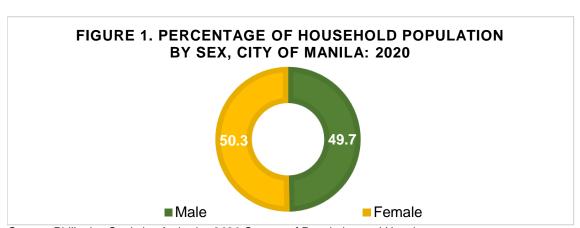
In 2020, the City of Manila reached a total population of 1,846,513 wherein 99.5 percent are household population and 0.5 percent are institutional population.

Table 1. Total Population by Type of Population and by Percentage Distribution, City of Manila: 2020

			Population		
City	Total	Household		Institutional	
	TOLAI	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
City of Manila	1,846,513	1,837,785	99.5	8,728	0.5

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Figure 1 illustrates the comparison of the household population of women and men in Manila. As of 01 May 2020, the majority, or 50.3 percent (924,982) of Manileños consists of women while the remaining 49.7 percent, or 912,803 consists of men. These population counts resulted in a sex ratio of 99 males for every 100 females. (See Table 3)



Men within the age group of 0 to 39 years old have a higher household population than women

Even though women outnumbered men in the total household population, there is still a range where men exceeded the population of women. Figure 2 demonstrates the household population of women and men by age group. It shows that majority of the individuals between the ages of 0 to 39 years old are men. On the other hand, in the older age group, women are more populous than men. (See Table 4)

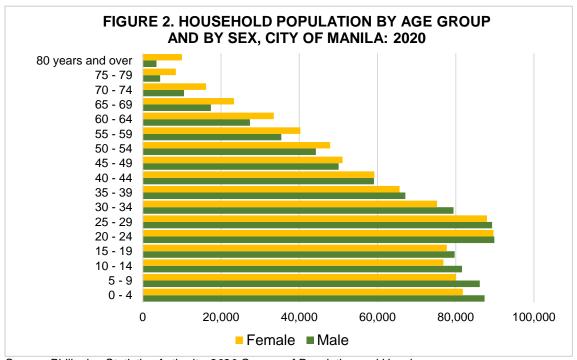
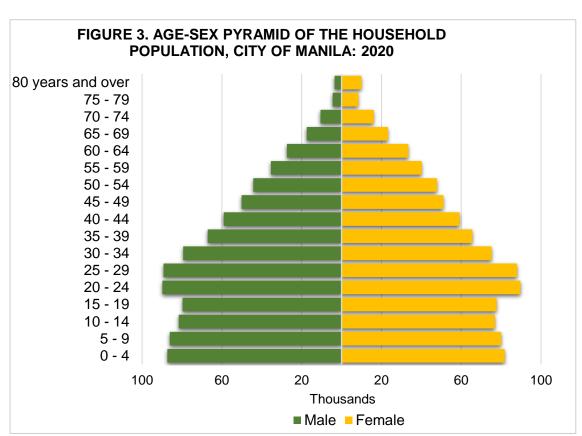


Figure 3 below exhibits the age-sex pyramid in Manila. Most women and men (179,543) ranged from 20 years old as the youngest to 24 years old as the oldest. Among this age group, 89,681 are female while 89,862 are male. These numbers are accountable for 9.7 percent and 9.8 percent of the total household population of women and men, respectively. (See Table 4)



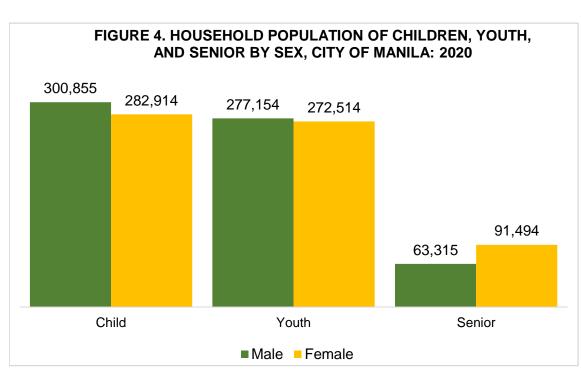
In 2020, the lowest household population of women is within the age range of 75 to 79 years old at 8,448 persons or 0.9 percent of its total household population. Meanwhile, the least population of men is registered among ages 80 years old and over at 3,505 persons which are accountable for 0.4 percent of the total household population of men. (See Table 4)

One (1) out of three (3) Manileños are children

The number of children residing in the City of Manila reached 583,769 which is 31.8 percent of the household population of the city. Out of this population, 282,914 are females and 300,855 are males — resulting in a sex ratio of 106 males per 100 females. This means that there are 106 male children for every 100 female children. (See Table 5)

Meanwhile, youth or individuals in the age group of 15 to 30 years of age contributed about 30.0 percent (549,668) to the household population of which 272,514 are female while 277,154 are male. The sex ratio of these figures resulted in 102 males per 100 females. (See Table 6)

On the other hand, senior citizens are accountable for 8.4 percent (154,809) of the household population which is comprised of 91,494 females and 63,315 males. This category registered a sex ratio of 69 males for every 100 female seniors. (See Table 7)



Among these categories, men outnumbered the household population of children and youth while women exceeds the household population of men in senior age. This depicts a longer life expectancy among women than men or a higher mortality rate among men than women in the older age groups.

Majority of the registered births are women

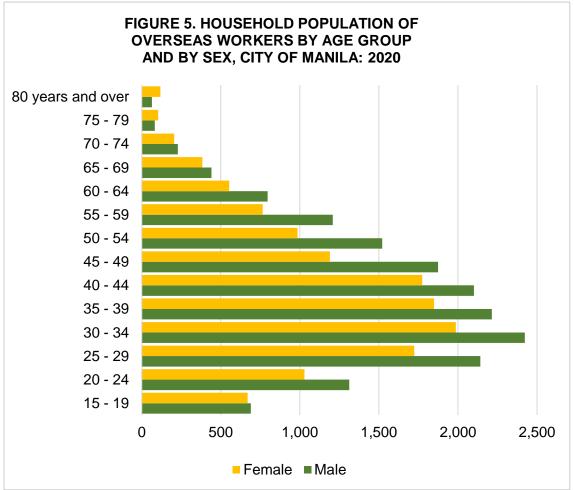
Nearly 100 percent of the household population had their birth registered in 2020. Among this population, women have a greater number (909,291) of registered births than men (898,216). On the contrary, the number of individuals who haven't registered their birth yet reached 25,090 — 12,974 are female while 12,116 are male. The remaining count of individuals is accountable for those who are not known or not yet reported.

Table 2. Household Population by Birth Registration Status and by Sex, City of Manila: 2020

Sov -	Birth Registration							
Sex Total		Yes	No	Don't know	Not Reported			
Total	1,837,785	1,807,507	25,090	3,214	1,974			
Male	912,803	898,216	12,116	1,505	966			
Female	924,982	909,291	12,974	1,709	1,008			

More men were working abroad than women

About two (2) percent (30,430) of the individuals ages 15 years old and over are overseas workers wherein 13,335 are female and 17,095 are male. Meanwhile, people between the ages of 30 to 34 years old contributed 14.5 percent (4,410) of this number — making it the most populous age group among women and men working abroad. Out of this population, 1,987 are women while 2,423 are men. (See Table 8)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

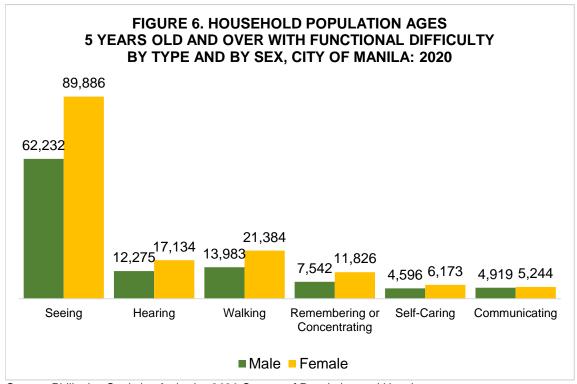
About 35 percent of Manileños with functional difficulty are women who have been suffering with their vision

Two (2) out of 10 (257,194) of the household population ages 15 years old and over has functional difficulty. Among this population, 151,647 are female while 105,547 are male. (See Table 9)

Figure 6 below depicts the household population of people ages are 5 years old and over with functional difficulty by type. The top three (3) types of functional difficulty that Manileños have encountered in 2020 are difficulty in seeing, walking, and hearing. (See Table 9)

Six (6) out of 10 individuals (152,118) who has a functional difficulty in Manila were struggling with their vision. This population is comprised of 89,886 women and 62,232 men. Followed by the number of people with difficulty in walking at 35,367 persons, of which 21,384 are women and 13,983 are men. On the other hand, the number of individuals who has difficulty in hearing is 29,409 wherein 17,134 are female and 12,275 are male. (See Table 9)

Meanwhile, functional difficulty in communicating (10,163) was recorded with the least number of household population in 2020. Majority of this number are women with 5,244 persons or 51.6 percent of the people who are experiencing difficulty in communicating. (See Table 9)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

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TECHNICAL NOTES

Definition of Terms:

Household Population is the population enumerated in private households during a census.

Institutional Population is the population enumerated during a census living in large institutions, such as national prisons and penal colonies, provincial and large city jails, tuberculosis sanitaria, mental hospitals, leprosaria, military, mining and logging camps, etc. The cut-off is more than 6-months duration.

Children refers to individuals who are below 18 years of age.

Youth refers to individuals belonging to the age group 15 to 30 years.

Senior Citizens refers to individuals belonging to the age group 60 years and over.

Life Expectancy represents the average number of years remaining to a person who survives to the beginning of a given age or age interval x.

Mortality Rate is the probability of dying between birth and age five, expressed as the number of deaths below age five per 1,000 live births during a given period.

Birth Registration - The birth of a child shall be registered within 30 days from the time of birth at the Local Civil Registry Office (LCRO) of the city or municipality where the birth occurred. Beyond the reglementary period shall be considered late.

Overseas Workers is a household member who is currently out of the country due to overseas employment. He/she may or may not have a specific work contract or may be presently at home on vacation but has an existing overseas employment to return to. Undocumented overseas workers, or "TNT" ("Tago Nang Tago"), are considered as overseas workers for as long as they are still considered members of the household and had been away for less than five years. However, immigrants are excluded from the census.

Person with Functional Difficulty refers to a person with difficulty in functioning may have activity limitations, which means difficulties an individual may have in executing activities. In general, functional difficulties experienced by people may have been due to their health conditions.

Table 3. Household Population by Sex and by Sex Ratio, City of Manila: 2020

			Sex			Sav
City	Total		Male	F	emale	Sex Ratio
	Total	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Kallo
City of Manila	1,837,785	912,803	49.7	924,982	50.3	99:100

Table 4. Household Population by Age Group and by Sex, City of Manila: 2020

A ma Charm		Sex	
Age Group	Total	Male	Female
Total	1,837,785	912,803	924,982
0 - 4	169,197	87,379	81,818
5 - 9	166,219	86,176	80,043
10 - 14	158,492	81,613	76,879
15 - 19	157,479	79,738	77,741
20 - 24	179,543	89,862	89,681
25 - 29	177,304	89,314	87,990
30 - 34	154,671	79,429	75,242
35 - 39	132,764	67,126	65,638
40 - 44	118,295	59,096	59,199
45 - 49	101,184	50,085	51,099
50 - 54	92,142	44,256	47,886
55 - 59	75,686	35,414	40,272
60 - 64	60,909	27,409	33,500
65 - 69	40,744	17,420	23,324
70 - 74	26,745	10,541	16,204
75 - 79	12,888	4,440	8,448
80 years and over	13,523	3,505	10,018

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Table 5. Household Population by Children Population and by Sex, City of Manila: 2020

City		All Ages		(Child (0-17)	Cay Datia
City	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Sex Ratio
Manila	1,837,785	912,803	924,982	583,769	300,855	282,914	106:100

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Table 6. Household Population by Youth Population and by Sex, City of Manila: 2020

City	All Ages			Y	outh (15-3	Sex Ratio	
City	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Sex Ratio
Manila	1,837,785	912,803	924,982	549,668	277,154	272,514	102:100

Table 7. Household Population by Senior Population and by Sex, City of Manila: 2020

City	All Ages			Senio	Senior (60 and over)			
City	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	
Manila	1,837,785	912,803	924,982	154,809	63,315	91,494	69:100	

Table 8. Household Population Ages 15 Years Old and Over by Overseas Worker and by Sex, City of Manila: 2020

City	Household Population	Ove	rseas Wor	ker
City	(15 years old and over)	Total	Male	Female
Total	1,343,877	30,430	17,095	13,335
15 - 19	157,479	1,360	690	670
20 - 24	179,543	2,341	1,312	1,029
25 - 29	177,304	3,864	2,141	1,723
30 - 34	154,671	4,410	2,423	1,987
35 - 39	132,764	4,063	2,214	1,849
40 - 44	118,295	3,875	2,101	1,774
45 - 49	101,184	3,064	1,874	1,190
50 - 54	92,142	2,506	1,521	985
55 - 59	75,686	1,973	1,208	765
60 - 64	60,909	1,349	796	553
65 - 69	40,744	824	441	383
70 - 74	26,745	433	228	205
75 - 79	12,888	186	82	104
80 years and over	13,523	182	64	118

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Table 9. Household Population by Type of Functional Difficulty, by Sex, and by Percentage Distribution, City of Manila: 2020

Type of	Sex							
Functional	Tatal Male			Female				
Difficulty	Total	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage			
Household Population (15 years old and over)	1,668,588	825,424	49.5	843,164	50.5			
Total	257,194	105,547	41.0	151,647	59.0			
Seeing	152,118	62,232	40.9	89,886	59.1			
Hearing	29,409	12,275	41.7	17,134	58.3			
Walking	35,367	13,983	39.5	21,384	60.5			
Remembering or Concentrating	19,368	7,542	38.9	11,826	61.1			
Self-Caring	10,769	4,596	42.7	6,173	57.3			
Communicating	10,163	4,919	48.4	5,244	51.6			